Financial Statements and Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

# **EPISCOPAL RELIEF & DEVELOPMENT**

December 31, 2012 and 2011

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#### **REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS**

To the Board of Directors of Episcopal Relief & Development:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Episcopal Relief & Development (the "Organization"), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Episcopal Relief & Development as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Grant Thousand LSP

New York, New York July 31, 2013

### **EPISCOPAL RELIEF & DEVELOPMENT** Statements of Financial Position As of December 31, 2012 and 2011

2012 2011 ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents \$14,040,730 \$13,189,374 Receivables, net (Note 3) 970,244 2,715,957 Beneficial interest in trusts held by DFMS (Note 4) 16,525,724 14,278,593 275,820 Prepaid expenses 67,316 Beneficial interest in outside trusts held by others (Notes 2 and 8) 387,800 380,461 Property and equipment, net (Note 5) 125,134 41,282 Total assets \$32,116,948 \$30,881,487 LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 1,399,074 \$ 996,482 Amounts due to DFMS 508,270 23,826 Accrued postretirement benefits other than pensions (Note 7) 781,856 674,781 Total liabilities 2,689,200 1,695,089 NET ASSETS (Note 2) Unrestricted 13,060,176 12,476,799 Temporarily restricted (Note 8) 15,504,562 15,853,928 Permanently restricted (Note 8) 863,010 855,671 Total net assets 29,186,398 29,427,748 Total liabilities and net assets \$32,116,948 \$30,881,487

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Activities

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

		2012				2011				
		Temporarily	Permanently			Temporarily	Permanently			
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted	Total		
REVENUES AND OTHER SUPPORT										
Contributions, bequests, grants, and other	\$ 8,122,164	\$ 8,261,111	\$ -	\$ 16,383,275	\$ 8,611,648	\$ 10,194,802	\$ 50,000	\$ 18,856,450		
Investment return (Note 4)	2,166,156	65,995	-	2,232,151	(267,837)	-	(8,052)	(275,889)		
Change in beneficial interest in outside trusts										
held by others	-	-	7,339	7,339	-	-	-	-		
Government contracts	900,315	-	-	900,315	1,791,928	-	-	1,791,928		
Contributed services (Note 2)	1,249,692	-	-	1,249,692	1,174,733	-	-	1,174,733		
Other income	45,304	-	-	45,304	108,071	-	-	108,071		
Net assets released from restrictions	8,676,472	(8,676,472)			12,025,723	(12,025,723)				
Total revenues and other support	21,160,103	(349,366)	7,339	20,818,076	23,444,266	(1,830,921)	41,948	21,655,293		
EXPENSES										
Food security	3,626,250	-	-	3,626,250	3,490,303	-	-	3,490,303		
Primary health care	8,466,775	-	-	8,466,775	9,085,783	-	-	9,085,783		
Emergency relief and rebuilding	5,304,971			5,304,971	7,838,413			7,838,413		
Total program expenses	17,397,996	-	-	17,397,996	20,414,499	-	-	20,414,499		
Fundraising	1,909,030	-	-	1,909,030	1,905,671	-	-	1,905,671		
Administration	1,269,700	-	-	1,269,700	1,304,233	-		1,304,233		
Total expenses	20,576,726			20,576,726	23,624,403		-	23,624,403		
Changes in net assets	583,377	(349,366)	7,339	241,350	(180,137)	(1,830,921)	41,948	(1,969,110)		
Net assets, beginning of year	12,476,799	15,853,928	855,671	29,186,398	12,656,936	17,684,849	813,723	31,155,508		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 13,060,176	\$ 15,504,562	\$ 863,010	\$ 29,427,748	<u>\$ 12,476,799</u>	<u>\$ 15,853,928</u>	\$ 855,671	\$ 29,186,398		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### **EPISCOPAL RELIEF & DEVELOPMENT** Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Changes in net assets	\$ 241,350	\$ (1,969,110)
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Change in value of beneficial interest in outside trusts held by others	(7,339)	8,052
Depreciation	28,162	21,268
Change in allowance for doubtful accounts	(128,182)	78,033
Change in discount on contribution receivables	(7,640)	(51,189)
Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(1,911,091)	565,772
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Decrease in receivables	1,881,535	1,648,462
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	208,504	(34,982)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	402,592	360,679
Increase (decrease) in amounts due to DFMS	484,444	(97,487)
Increase in accrued postretirement benefits other than pensions	107,075	176,588
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,299,410	706,086
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchases of equipment	(112,014)	-
Purchases of investments	(1,013,058)	(531,263)
Distribution from trust funds	677,018	694,026
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(448,054)	162,763
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	851,356	868,849
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	13,189,374	12,320,525
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 14,040,730	\$ 13,189,374

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### 1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

Episcopal Relief & Development (the "Organization") is an affiliate of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America (the "Society" or "DFMS"). Episcopal Relief & Development was established by resolution of the General Convention in 1940 in order to meet the needs of refugees fleeing the war in Europe. Today, the Organization is a compassionate response of the Episcopal Church to human suffering in the world. Hearing God's call to seek and serve Christ in all persons and to respect the dignity of every human being, the Organization serves to bring together the generosity of Episcopalians and others to heal a hurting world.

Episcopal Relief & Development was incorporated in July 2002 and has been classified by the Internal Revenue Service as a not-for-profit organization exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code in accordance with an agreement between the Executive Council of the Episcopal Church and the Organization. The accompanying financial statements include the activity of the Organization, as a stand-alone entity, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011. The Organization's financial position, changes in net assets and cash flows are also included in the Society's consolidated financial statements as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

Working with Anglican and ecumenical partners, the Organization implements programs in the following areas:

#### **Food Security**

This program works to alleviate hunger and improve the food supply by ensuring that people have the tools to access and maintain healthy food sources. The Organization's programs make sure families have enough food to eat on a daily basis and that food supplies are available, affordable and accessible. Food security programs consist of the following:

- Distributing livestock to families, boosting their ability to cultivate their land and generate income from selling eggs and dairy
- Providing tools, seeds, and other resources to support family farms
- Teaching farming techniques
- Supporting sustainable agriculture
- Providing vocational training and micro-finance opportunities for people to start small businesses and expand sources of income

#### **Primary Health Care**

This program promotes health and fights disease, ensuring that children and families live healthier lives. Globally, the Organization works in partnership with local communities to provide access to treatment, medicines, clean water, safe environments, prevention education and care to vulnerable people, such as mothers and their children. Primary health care programs consist of the following:

- Building clean water and sanitation systems, including wells and latrines
- Providing medicines and immunizations
- Training health workers to educate communities about disease prevention
- Offering maternal and child health programs and caring for children orphaned by HIV/AIDS
- Preventing diseases such as malaria through education and intervention

#### **Emergency Relief and Rebuilding**

This program supports the disaster relief and recovery efforts of Church and ecumenical partners worldwide. Internationally, the Organization provides assistance to local organizations that are caring for people's basic needs following disasters such as hurricanes, earthquakes and floods, and in the midst of crises such as civil conflicts. In the United States, the Organization works primarily through Episcopal dioceses to assist with disaster preparedness planning and support local relief and recovery activities. Emergency relief and rebuilding programs consist of the following:

- Responding quickly with critical assistance
- Rebuilding/repairing homes, schools, clinics, and other civic buildings
- Training communities to respond to disasters
- Offering trauma counseling
- Supporting the restoration of the social and economic fabric of communities

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Organization's net assets consist of the following:

<u>Permanently restricted</u> - net assets resulting from contributions and other inflows of assets whose use by the Organization is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that neither expire with the passage of time nor can be fulfilled by actions of the Organization. Donor-imposed stipulations require that the principal be maintained in perpetuity.

<u>Temporarily restricted</u> - net assets resulting from contributions and other inflows of assets whose use by the Organization is limited by donor-imposed stipulations that either expire with the passage of time or can be fulfilled by actions of the Organization pursuant to those stipulations.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - net assets that are neither permanently restricted nor temporarily restricted by donorimposed stipulations. Unrestricted net assets also include those net assets which are designated for a certain purpose(s) by the Organization's Board of Directors.

The significant amount of unrestricted and temporarily restricted net assets of the Organization has resulted from the Board's insistence on expending the funds prudently to ensure that the grant recipients derive the maximum long-term benefits from these funds as intended by the original donors.

#### **Cash and Cash Equivalents**

The Organization considers all highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than three months from the date of purchase to be cash and cash equivalents, except for those cash equivalents which are included in the Organization's investment accounts and intended for long-term investment purposes.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Organization to concentration of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents. The Organization maintains its cash and cash equivalents with creditworthy, high-quality financial institutions. At certain times the Organization's cash account balances may exceed federally insured limits. However, the Organization has not experienced, nor does it anticipate, any losses with respect to these bank accounts.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. As required by U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for fair value measurements, the Organization uses a fair value hierarchy that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that observable inputs be used when available.

Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the transparency of inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices are available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the measurement date. A quoted price for an identical asset or liability in an active market provides the most reliable fair value measurement because it is directly observable to the market.
- Level 2 Pricing inputs are other than quoted prices in active markets, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the measurement date. The nature of these securities include investments for which quoted prices are available but traded less frequently and investments that are fair valued using other securities, the parameters of which can be directly observed.
- Level 3 Securities that have little to no pricing observability as of the measurement date. These securities are measured using management's best estimate of fair value where the inputs into the determination of fair value are not observable and require significant management judgment or estimation.

Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and broadly refer to the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may include price information, volatility statistics, specific and broad credit data, liquidity statistics, and other factors. A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. However, the determination of what constitutes "observable" requires significant judgment by an entity. The Organization considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The categorization of a financial instrument within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and does not necessarily correspond to the Organization's perceived risk of that instrument.

#### **Fixed Assets**

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets (30 years for buildings and building improvements and 5 years for furniture, vehicles, and equipment). Property and equipment costing greater than \$1,500 and with useful lives greater than one year are capitalized.

#### **Beneficial Interest in Outside Trusts**

From time to time, certain donors have established trusts with third-party administrators, typically banks or other Episcopal entities, the terms of which require the income earned from such gifts to be paid to the Organization and/or other specified beneficiaries and the principal to be invested in perpetuity. The income received from these outside trusts has been recorded as either temporarily restricted or unrestricted support based upon the respective donor's imposed stipulations. The fair value of these outside trusts assets is recognized as a component of permanently restricted net assets. The beneficial interest in outside trusts is measured each year and the change in fair value of the trust's underlying investments is recognized on the statement of activities. The Organization's beneficial interest in outside trusts is classified as Level 3 within the FASB's fair value hierarchy as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value associated with the Organization's beneficial interest in outside trusts for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012			2011		
Balance as of beginning of the year	\$	380,461	\$	388,513		
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)		7,339		(8,052)		
Balance as of end of the year	\$	387,800	\$	380,461		

#### Contributions

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give (pledges), are reported as revenues in the period received or pledged. Contributions of assets, other than cash, are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of gift. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted using an appropriate credit adjusted discount rate which articulates with the collection period of the respective pledge. Amortization of discount is recorded as additional contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment including such factors as prior collection history, type of contribution and nature of fund-raising activity.

#### **Payroll, Pension and Retirement Plans**

The Society, which provides and administers certain employee benefit plans on behalf of the Organization, is fully reimbursed by the Organization for all related costs. See Notes 6 and 7 for details of the plans.

#### **Contributed Services**

Contributed services are valued at their estimated fair value and are recognized as revenues and expenses on the statement of activities. Contributed services for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, totaled \$1,249,692 and \$1,174,733, respectively. Such contributed services include office space, payroll, financial management and accounting, computer services, human resources, telecommunications and building maintenance provided by the Society and outside legal services.

Additionally, a number of volunteers, including members of the Organization's Board of Directors, have made significant contributions of time to the Organization's policy-making, program and support activities. The value of such services does not meet the criteria for recognition of contributed services under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and, accordingly, is not reflected on the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The most significant management estimates and assumptions relate to the discounting of receivables; realizability of receivables; actuarial valuations; useful lives assigned to fixed assets; and, the reported fair value of certain of the Organization's assets. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Organization follows guidance that clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return, including issues relating to financial statement recognition and measurement. This standard provides that the tax effects from an uncertain tax position can be recognized in the financial statements only if the position is "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained if the position were to be challenged by a taxing authority. The standard also provides guidance on measurement, classification, interest and penalties, and disclosure and had no impact on the accompanying financial statements. The tax years ended 2009, 2010, 2011, and 2012 are still open to audit for both federal and state purposes. The Organization has processes presently in place to ensure the maintenance of its tax-exempt status; to identify and report unrelated income; to determine its filing and tax obligations in jurisdictions for which it has nexus; and, to identify and evaluate other matters that may be considered tax positions.

#### **Subsequent Events**

The Organization evaluated its December 31, 2012 financial statements for subsequent events through July 31, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 3. RECEIVABLES, NET

Receivables consist of the following at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	 2012	2011
Contributions receivable, net	\$ 568,578	\$ 2,031,135
Stock gifts receivable	33,754	29,766
Matching gifts receivable	69,868	62,146
Government grants and other receivables	 298,044	592,910
Total receivables	\$ 970,244	\$ 2,715,957

Contributions receivable, which are recorded at the present value of their expected future cash flows, at December 31, 2012 and 2011, are as follows:

	2012	2011
Amounts expected to be collected:		
Within one year	\$ 473,238	\$ 1,756,762
In one to four years	 128,500	443,355
Total contributions receivable	601,738	2,200,117
Allowance for uncollectible pledges	(30,075)	(158,257)
Present value discount (rates ranging from 1.50% to 6.00%)	 (3,085)	(10,725)
Contributions receivables, net	\$ 568,578	\$ 2,031,135

#### 4. BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN TRUSTS HELD BY THE SOCIETY

The Organization maintains two beneficial interests in trusts, that are held and managed by the Society, and which consist of both marketable and non-exchange traded securities. Such beneficial interests are reported at quoted fair values or values provided by the respective fund manager or general partner as of the measurement date. Earnings from these trust funds are used to support the administrative and program activities of the Organization. The change in fair value of the trust funds is reflected on the accompanying statements of activities. The investment portfolio consists of common stock, bonds, mutual funds, certificates of deposit, alternative investments, money market funds and cash equivalents. Each trust fund in the portfolio holds a designated number of shares in the pool or the portfolio of the Society as a whole. The fair value assigned to a share fluctuates with the changing fair value of the underlying investments. The number of shares assigned to each trust fund changes only when additions are made, usually by gifts or contributions, or by reinvestment of income distributions or by withdrawals of principal from those funds whose terms permit such withdrawals.

The Organization's trusts hold shares in the overall portfolio of the Society rather than the individual financial instruments and therefore have the same composition of investments as that of the Society's total trust fund portfolio. The Organization's trust funds represent 4.72% and 5.09% of the Society's total trust fund investment portfolio as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively. At December 31, 2012, the Society's investment portfolio was classified within the FASB fair value hierarchy as follows: 77% Level 1, 14% Level 2 and 9% Level 3. At December 31, 2011, the Society's investment portfolio was classified within the FASB fair value hierarchy as follows: 76% Level 1, 15% Level 2 and 9% Level 3. While principally all of the underlying trusts' investments are readily marketable, based on quoted fair values, since the Organization's beneficial interest in the trusts cannot be priced on an active exchange, the interests in the trusts are classified as Level 3.

The Society follows the "total return" approach to investments and utilizes a prudent portion of realized and unrealized endowment fund returns to provide for current designated and undesignated expenditures annually. Total return consists of two elements: yield and appreciation. Based on the Organization's long-term investment strategy, the Board of Directors of the Organization sets the payout rate on the endowment funds at a percentage (currently 5%) of a five-year moving average fair value of the endowment portfolio. Any return in excess of this percentage is reinvested to protect the real dollar value of these funds against the effects of inflation.

The following table summarizes the changes in fair value associated with the Organization's beneficial interest in trusts held by the Society for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012	2011
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 14,278,593	\$ 15,007,128
Contributions	1,013,058	531,262
Realized and unrealized gains (losses) and investment income	2,232,151	(289,480)
Management fees	(94,333)	(101,624)
Distribution - spending policy withdrawal	(903,745)	(868,693)
Balance, end of year	\$ 16,525,724	\$ 14,278,593

#### 5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net, consists of the following at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012	2011
Leasehold improvements	\$ 8,450	\$ 8,450
Equipment and furniture	320,144	208,130
	328,594	216,580
Accumulated depreciation	(203,460)	(175,298)
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 125,134</u>	\$ 41,282

Depreciation expense amounted to \$28,162 and \$21,268 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### 6. PENSION PLAN

The Society maintains a defined contribution plan (the "Plan") for all eligible lay employees, including the Organization's staff. Under the Plan, the Organization contributes 5% of eligible employees' salaries and also matches employee contributions to the Plan up to 4%. It is the opinion of the Plan's legal counsel that as a Church Plan, this Plan is exempt from the requirements of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 ("ERISA"). Pension expense for this plan recognized on the accompanying financial statements, relating to the Organization's staff, amounted to \$234,007 and \$227,244 for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

#### 7. POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

The Society sponsors postretirement benefit plans which provide both health care (fully contributory until the retiree reaches age 65) and life insurance (noncontributory) benefits to both lay and clergy personnel.

The following sets forth the status of the plans, as they relate to the Organization's staff, at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012		2011	
Change in benefit obligation:				
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	674,781	\$	498,193
Service cost		113,346		79,571
Interest cost		26,471		23,999
Actuarial (gain) loss		(25,627)		79,773
Benefits paid		(7,115)		(6,755)
Benefit obligation, end of year	\$	781,856	\$	674,781
Change in plan assets:				
Plan assets, beginning of year	\$	-	\$	-
Employer contributions		7,115		6,755
Benefits paid		(7,115)		(6,755)
Plan assets, end of year	\$	-	\$	_
Components of accrued benefit cost:				
Funded status	\$	(781,856)	\$	(674,781)
Unrecognized prior service cost		1,691		3,549
Unrecognized actuarial net gain		56,586		82,213
Accrued benefit cost	\$	(723,579)	\$	(589,019)
Amounts recognized in unrestricted net assets consist of:				
Net gain	\$	56,586	\$	82,213
Prior service cost		1,691		3,549
Net amount recognized	\$	58,277	\$	85,762

The estimated net actuarially gain and prior service cost included in unrestricted net assets expected to be recognized as components of net periodic benefit cost for the year ending December 31, 2013 are \$0 and \$1,301, respectively.

	2012		 2011
Changes in assets and benefit obligations recognized in unrestricted net assets:			
Net loss	\$	(25,627)	\$ 79,773
Amortization of unrecognized gain		-	-
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost		(1,858)	 (1,858)
Total change recognized in unrestricted net assets	\$	(27,485)	\$ 77,915
Total recognized in net periodic benefit cost and unrestricted net assets	\$	114,190	\$ 183,343

The net periodic postretirement benefit cost for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 includes the following components:

-	2012			2011		
Service cost of benefits earned	\$	113,346	5	5	79,571	
Interest cost on accumulated postretirement benefit obligatio		26,471			23,999	
Amortization of unrecognized prior service cost		1,858	_		1,858	
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	\$	141,675	5	5	105,428	

Assumed health care cost trend rates have a significant effect on the amounts reported for the health care plans. A one-percentage-point change in assumed health care cost trend rates would have the following effects:

	1 8		1 8		
Effect on total of service and interest cost	\$	38,628		(29,352)	
Effect on postretirement benefit obligation	\$	178,283		(137,819)	

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2012	2011
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations at December 31:		
Discount rate	4.10 %	4.20 %
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for years ended December 31:		
Discount rate	4.20 %	5.25 %
Expected long-term return on plan assets	N/A	N/A
Assumed health care trend rates at December 31:		
Health care cost trend rate assumed for next year	6.40 %	6.00 %
Rate to which the cost trend rate assumed to decline		
(ultimate trend rate)	4.80 %	4.70 %
Year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend	2098	2082

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid as follows:

		Benefit			
Year Ending December 31:	p	ayments			
2013	\$	10,142			
2014		12,166			
2015		13,221			
2016		14,259			
2017		14,257			
2018 - 2022		77,705			

#### 8. NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets were available for the following purposes and net assets were released from donor restrictions by incurring expenses satisfying the purpose of the restriction, by the passage of time, or by the occurrence of other specific events, as follows for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	Fiscal 2012								
	December 31, 2011	Contributions and other	Net assets released	December 31, 2012					
Food security	\$-	\$ 855,481	\$ (855,481)	\$-					
Primary health care	2,247,299	4,622,855	(3,780,209)	3,089,944					
Emergency relief and rebuilding	13,606,629	2,848,770	(4,040,781)	12,414,618					
Total	\$15,853,928	\$ 8,327,106	\$ (8,676,472)	\$15,504,562					

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Fiscal 2011								
	December 31, 2010	Contributions	Net Assets Released	December 31, 2011					
Food security	\$ 266,768	\$ 820,457	\$ (1,087,225)	\$ -					
Primary health care	2,839,980	5,086,138	(5,678,820)	2,247,298					
Emergency relief and rebuilding	14,578,100	4,288,207	(5,259,678)	13,606,629					
Total	\$ 17,684,848	\$ 10,194,802	\$ (12,025,723)	\$ 15,853,927					

Permanently restricted net assets consist of the following at December 31, 2012 and 2011:

-	2012		2011	_
Endowment funds Beneficial interest in investments held by third-party trustees	\$ 475,210 387,800	\$	475,209 380,461	
	\$ 863,010	\$	855,670	

#### 9. ENDOWMENT FUNDS

The Organization has adopted the provisions of "Endowments of Not-for-Profit Organizations: Net Asset Classification of Funds Subject to an Enacted Version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, and Enhanced Disclosures for All Endowment Funds" of the Accounting Standards Codification. This standard provides guidance on classifying the net assets associated with donor-restricted endowment funds held by organizations subject to the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act ("UPMIFA"), passed by the State of New York in September 2010, and also requires additional disclosures about endowments for both donor-restricted funds and board-designated funds.

Under New York State UPMIFA ("NYPMIFA"), the Organization classifies as permanently restricted net assets: (a) the original value of gifts donated to its permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to its permanent endowment; and, the (c) accumulations to its permanent endowment made in accordance with the directions of the applicable donor gift instrument, at the time the accumulation is added to the fund.

The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted nets assets until such amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by NYPMIFA.

In accordance with NYPMIFA, the Organization considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds: the purpose, duration, and preservation of the endowment fund; expected total return of investments; general economic conditions; other resources of the Organization; and, the investment policy of the Organization.

The Organization has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year a Board of Directors approved spending rate of its endowment fund's average fair value over the preceding five years. In establishing this policy, the Organization considered the long-term expected return on its endowment. Accordingly, over the long term, the Organization expects the current spending policy to grow at a pace at least equal to inflation. This is consistent with the Organization's objective to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets held in perpetuity or for a specified term as well as to provide additional real growth through new gifts and investment return. The Organization in cooperation with the Society, targets a diverse asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

The Organization has adopted investment policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Organization must hold in perpetuity or for a donor-specified period. Under this policy, as approved by the Board of Directors, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of appropriate benchmarks without putting the assets at imprudent risk. To satisfy its long-term objectives, the Organization relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends).

With the exception of endowment pledges and beneficial interest in outside trusts held by others, the following tables summarize endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of December 31, 2012 and 2011:

	2012							
Composition of Endowment			Te	emporarily	Pe	rmanently		
Net Assets By Type of Fund	<u> </u>	Unrestricted Restricted		Restricted	Restricted			Total
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$	-	\$	311,041	\$	475,210	\$	786,251
Board-designated quasi-endowment funds		15,739,473		-		-		15,739,473
Total	\$	15,739,473	\$	311,041	\$	475,210	\$	16,525,724
Changes in Endowment Net Assets	-							
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	13,553,888	\$	249,495	\$	475,210	\$	14,278,593
Investment return:								
Investment income		305,762		15,298		-		321,060
Net appreciation (realized and unrealized)		1,813,889		97,202		-		1,911,091
Contributions		1,013,058		-		-		1,013,058
Management fees		(88,323)		(6,010)		-		(94,333)
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure		(858,801)		(44,944)		-		(903,745)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	15,739,473	\$	311,041	\$	475,210	\$	16,525,724

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

December 31, 2012 and 2011

	2011						
Composition of Endowment Net Assets By Type of Fund	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total			
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$-	\$ 249,495	\$ 475,210	\$ 724,705			
Board-designated quasi-endowment funds	13,553,888			13,553,888			
Total	\$ 13,553,888	\$ 249,495	\$ 475,210	\$ 14,278,593			
Changes in Endowment Net Assets	-						
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 14,265,906	\$ 316,012	\$ 425,210	\$ 15,007,128			
Investment return:							
Investment income	275,030	14,706	-	289,736			
Net depreciation (realized and unrealized)	(545,956)	(33,260)	-	(579,216)			
Contributions	481,262	-	50,000	531,262			
Management fees	(97,751)	(3,873)	-	(101,624)			
Appropriation of endowment assets for expenditure	(824,603)	(44,090)		(868,693)			
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 13,553,888	<u>\$ 249,495</u>	\$ 475,210	\$ 14,278,593			

#### 10. FUNCTIONAL EXPENSE ALLOCATION

Expenditures allocated to functional categories based on program and administrative activities are as follows for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

	Program services		_	Supporting services			
	Food security	Primary health care	Emergency relief and rebuilding	Total	Fund -raising	Administration	2012 Total
Direct support	\$ 2,765,498	\$ 4,462,780	\$ 3,205,998	\$ 10,434,276	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,434,276
Contributed services	215,475	495,170	315,226	1,025,871	108,621	72,414	1,206,906
Federal grants	-	768,449	-	768,449	-	-	768,449
Salaries	297,347	1,400,808	929,830	2,627,985	614,704	299,127	3,541,816
Employee benefits	74,188	287,885	216,160	578,233	206,681	200,995	985,909
Insurance	38	2,103	56	2,197	-	42,600	44,797
Printing and mailing costs	36,990	86,741	54,282	178,013	571,604	96,219	845,836
Advertising and promotion	196	1,629	1,198	3,023	112,285	327	115,635
Telephone	7,529	38,624	13,439	59,592	10,293	11,742	81,627
Rent and utilities	-	52,776	-	52,776	-	-	52,776
Equipment and depreciation	2,784	34,466	4,384	41,634	2,186	46,824	90,644
Bank charges, legal and							
accounting fees	9,330	29,834	48,603	87,767	-	220,013	307,780
Office supplies	926	11,240	1,644	13,810	4,831	6,821	25,462
Resource and reference	168	387	469	1,024	-	1,637	2,661
Consultants	79,537	244,005	180,612	504,154	222,973	111,228	838,355
Travel	92,820	398,650	241,289	732,759	39,950	84,506	857,215
Conferences/workshops/							
memberships/meeting expense	43,424	151,228	91,781	286,433	14,902	75,247	376,582
Total expenses	\$ 3,626,250	\$ 8,466,775	\$ 5,304,971	\$ 17,397,996	\$ 1,909,030	\$ 1,269,700	\$ 20,576,726

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2012 and 2011

	Program services		_	Supporting services			
	Food security	Primary health care	Emergency relief and rebuilding	Total	Fund -raising	Administration	2011 Total
Direct support	\$ 2,914,253	\$ 4,951,227	\$ 5,661,415	\$ 13,526,895	\$-	\$ -	\$ 13,526,895
Contributed services	75,801	379,006	270,718	725,525	173,260	160,953	1,059,738
Federal grants	-	1,491,589	-	1,491,589	-	-	1,491,589
Salaries	248,213	1,175,783	935,159	2,359,155	588,261	369,017	3,316,433
Employee benefits	74,511	306,767	245,296	626,574	156,386	282,415	1,065,375
Insurance	-	-	-	-	-	24,943	24,943
Printing and mailing costs	24,833	63,234	63,134	151,201	627,025	154,280	932,506
Advertising and promotion	80	487	808	1,375	58,661	-	60,036
Telephone	5,316	33,739	16,264	55,319	6,397	5,547	67,263
Rent and utilities	-	56,497	-	56,497	-	-	56,497
Equipment and depreciation	504	16,061	2,340	18,905	879	24,453	44,237
Bank charges, legal and							
accounting fees	10,560	27,938	60,175	98,673	61	142,682	241,416
Office supplies	747	27,827	1,723	30,297	4,120	9,229	43,646
Resource and reference materials	130	302	287	719	-	442	1,161
Consultants	35,178	160,555	220,139	415,872	207,941	42,412	666,225
Travel	67,306	315,942	269,560	652,808	49,896	46,983	749,687
Conferences/workshops/							-
memberships/meeting expense	32,871	78,829	91,395	203,095	32,784	40,877	276,756
Total expenses	\$ 3,490,303	\$ 9,085,783	\$ 7,838,413	\$ 20,414,499	\$ 1,905,671	\$ 1,304,233	\$ 23,624,403